

House of Representatives

File No. 685

General Assembly

February Session, 2018

(Reprint of File No. 570)

Substitute House Bill No. 5577 As Amended by House Amendment Schedule "A"

Approved by the Legislative Commissioner May 4, 2018

AN ACT CONCERNING THE SCHEDULING OF COURT HEARINGS FOR CERTAIN FAMILY RELATIONS MATTERS.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- Section 1. Section 46b-83 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2018*):
- 3 (a) At any time after the return day of a complaint under section
- 4 46b-45 or 46b-56 or after filing an application under section 46b-61, and
- 5 after hearing, alimony and support pendente lite may be awarded to
- 6 either of the parties from the date of the filing of an application
- therefor with the Superior Court. <u>Such hearing shall be scheduled by</u>
- 8 the court not later than ninety days after the date of filing a motion
- 9 requesting alimony or support pendente lite, unless otherwise agreed
- 10 to, in writing, by the parties, or otherwise ordered by the court. No
- 11 <u>such hearing date shall be extended by agreement of the parties more</u>
- 12 than one hundred fifty days after the date of filing of such motion
- absent a written agreement that provides for such alimony or support
- pendente lite, or unless by order of the court. In the event of a delay

15 necessitated by a court closure or emergency of the parties, such 16 hearing shall be rescheduled as soon as court resources allow. Full 17 credit shall be given for all sums paid to one party by the other from 18 the date of the filing of such a motion to the date of rendition of [such] 19 an order. In making an order for alimony pendente lite, the court shall 20 consider all factors enumerated in section 46b-82, except the grounds 21 for the complaint or cross complaint, to be considered with respect to a 22 permanent award of alimony. In making an order for support 23 pendente lite, the court shall consider all factors enumerated in section 24 46b-84. The court may also award exclusive use of the family home or 25 any other dwelling unit which is available for use as a residence 26 pendente lite to either of the parties as is just and equitable without 27 regard to the respective interests of the parties in the property.

(b) In any proceeding brought under section 46b-45, 46b-56 or 46b-61 involving a minor child, if one of the parents residing in the family home leaves such home voluntarily and not subject to court order, and if the court finds that the voluntary leaving of the family home by such parent served the best interests of the child, the court may consider such voluntary leaving as a factor when making or modifying any order pursuant to section 46b-56.

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This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following		
sections:		
Section 1	October 1, 2018	46b-83

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The following Fiscal Impact Statement and Bill Analysis are prepared for the benefit of the members of the General Assembly, solely for purposes of information, summarization and explanation and do not represent the intent of the General Assembly or either chamber thereof for any purpose. In general, fiscal impacts are based upon a variety of informational sources, including the analyst's professional knowledge. Whenever applicable, agency data is consulted as part of the analysis, however final products do not necessarily reflect an assessment from any specific department.

OFA Fiscal Note

State Impact: None

Municipal Impact: None

Explanation

The bill makes a procedural change, requiring certain types of alimony or child support cases to be heard within a specified time period and does not result in a fiscal impact.

House "A" makes a clarifying change and does not result in a fiscal impact.

The Out Years

State Impact: None

Municipal Impact: None

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OLR Bill Analysis sHB 5577 (as amended by House "A")*

AN ACT CONCERNING THE SCHEDULING OF COURT HEARINGS FOR CERTAIN FAMILY RELATIONS MATTERS.

SUMMARY

This bill requires the court to schedule alimony and child support pendente lite hearings within 90 days after the filing of such a motion, unless the parties otherwise agree in writing or the court otherwise orders it. ("Pendente lite" is an award that is in effect while the parties await trial.) By law, the court may award alimony and child support pendente lite to either party in the case from the date an application is filed with the Superior Court.

Under the bill, the parties may not agree to extend the hearing date more than 150 days after the filing of the motion, unless the parties have a written agreement that provides for the alimony or support pendente lite or the court orders it.

In the event of a delay due to court closure or emergency of the parties, the bill requires the court to reschedule the hearing as soon as court resources allow.

Under existing law, unchanged by the bill, full credit must be given for all sums paid to one party by the other from the date the motion was filed to the date an order is rendered.

The bill also makes a technical change.

*House Amendment "A" requires the court to schedule, rather than hold, alimony and child support pendente lite hearings within 90 days after the filing of such a motion.

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EFFECTIVE DATE: October 1, 2018

COMMITTEE ACTION

Judiciary Committee

Joint Favorable Substitute Yea 28 Nay 13 (04/04/2018)